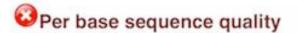
Quiz 3

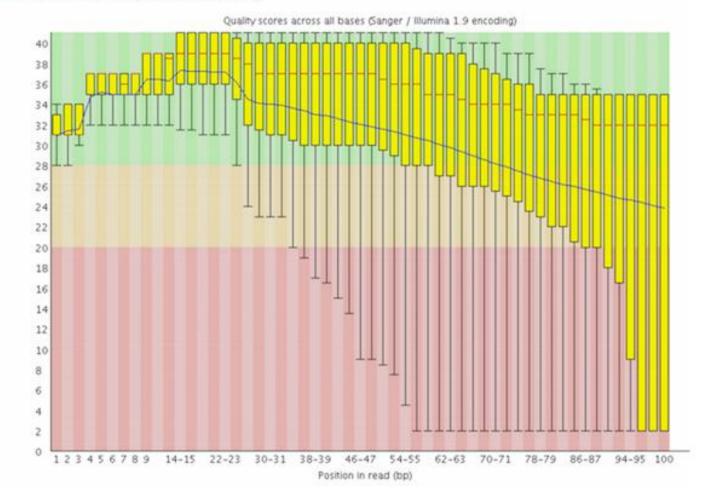
GENOMICS

BIGNAUD AMAURY 04/10/2023

You did your fastqc on a RNAseq illumina library, you observed this plot. What do you deduce?

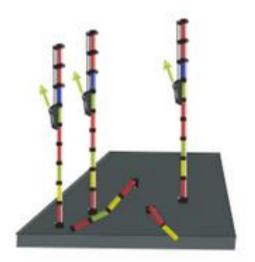
- **A**. You sequencing is fine, we usually have a loss of quality at the end of the reads.
- **B**. The experiment has failed, I have to redo it.
- C. You have some issues, at the end of the reads, may be due a signal issue at the end of the run.
- D. You have some issues, at the end of the reads, may be due phasing issues at the end of the run.

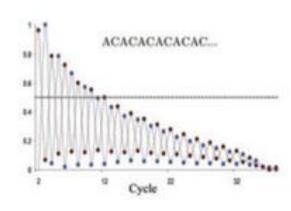




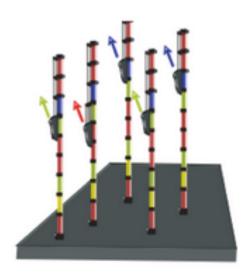
- Signal decay: As sequencing proceeds, the fluorescent signal intensity decays with each cycle, yielding decreasing quality scores at the 3' end of the read. This is due to:
 - Degrading fluorophores
 - 2. A proportion of the strands in the cluster not being elongated

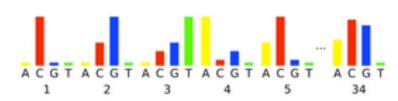
Therefore, the proportion of signal being emitted continues to decrease with each cycle.





- Phasing: As the number of cycles increases, the signal starts to blur as the cluster loses synchronicity, also yielding a decrease in quality scores at the 3' end of the read. As the cycles progress, some strands get random failure of nucleotides to incorporate due to:
 - 1. Incomplete removal of the 3' terminators and fluorophores
 - 2. Incorporation of nucleotides without effective 3' terminators

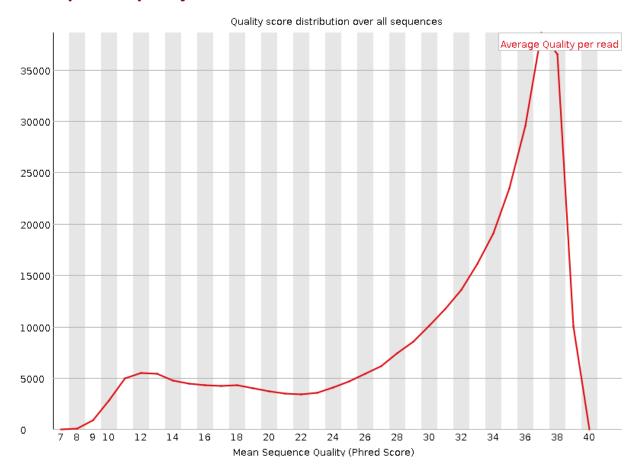




You did your fastqc on a RNAseq illumina library, you observed this plot. What do you deduce?

- **A**. Nothing, this plot is useless.
- **B**. The experiment has failed, I have to redo it.
- C. We have a small portion of low-quality reads that we should removed before processing.
- D. We have a small portion of low-quality reads that we can keep before processing.

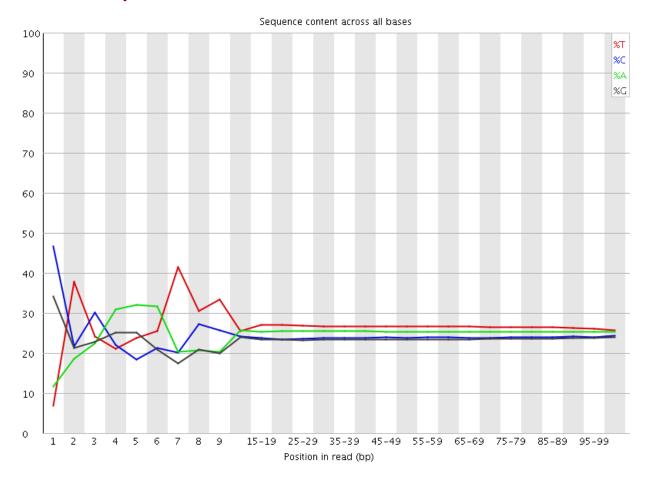
Per sequence quality scores



You did your fastqc on a RNAseq illumina library, you observed this plot. What do you deduce?

- **A**. We have an adapters contamination.
- B. It may just be an artifact due to 'random' hexamer which are not so random.
- **C**. We have DNA contamination from another organism.
- **D**. The line at the end should be all equals. I have an issue about my library.

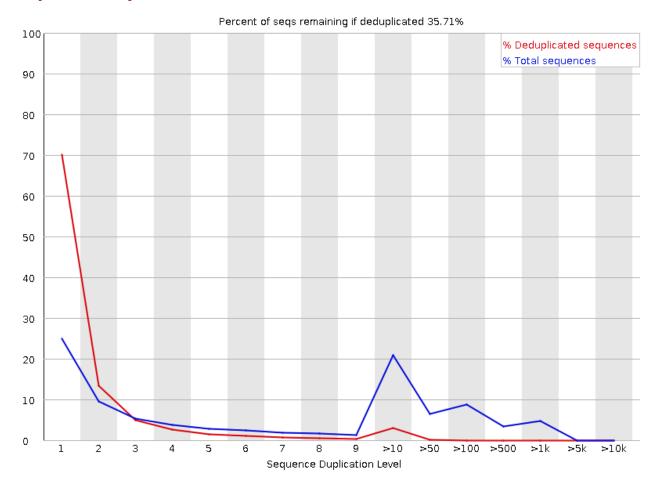
O Per base sequence content



You did your fastqc on a RNAseq illumina library, you observed this plot. What do you deduce?

- A. There are always a lot of duplication event in RNAseq experiment.
- **B**. We have an adapters contamination.
- **C**. We have a rDNA contamination.
- **D**. I have a low complexity library, that I have sequence way too much.

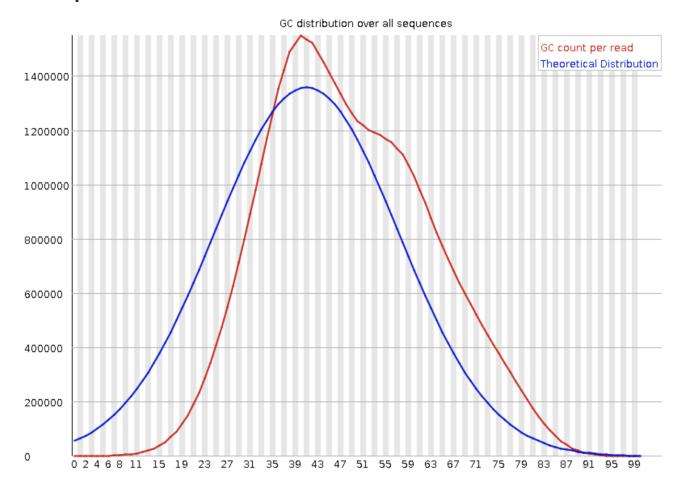
Sequence Duplication Levels

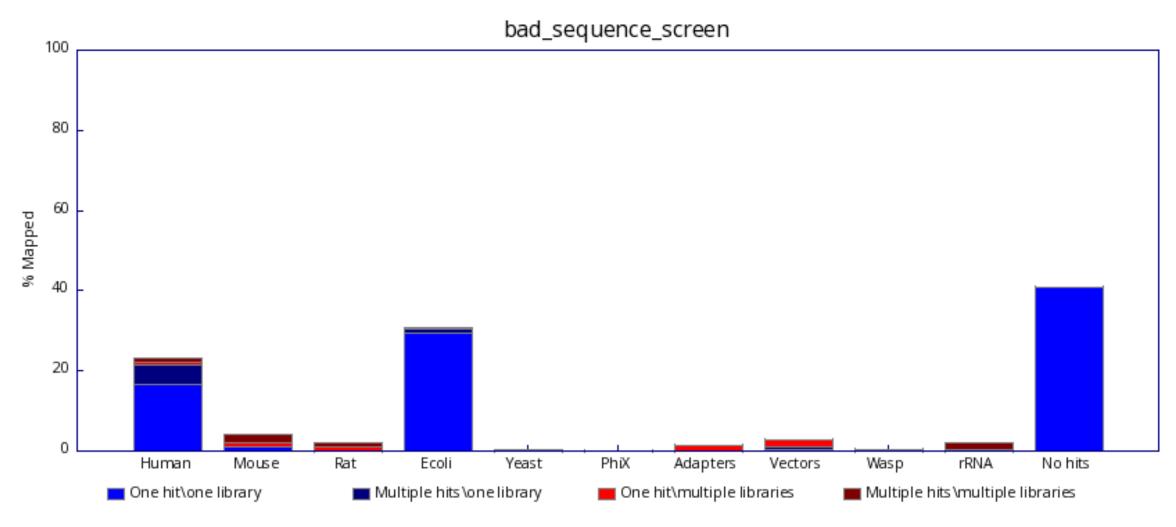


You did your fastqc on a RNAseq illumina library, you observed this plot. What do you deduce?

- A. We have a contamination from another species.
- **B**. We have an adapters contamination.
- **C**. We have a rDNA contamination.
- D. I can't know the origin of the contamination, I will blast my reads or/and do a fastq-screen.

Per sequence GC content





Escherichia coli contamination of a human library.